Babu Banarasi Das University Lucknow

SCHOOL OF MANAGEMENT

Course Curriculum

Bachelor of Commerce (Honours)

[Effective from Academic Batch: 2015-16]

BCom(Honours) Program

Course Curriculum of Bachelor of Commerce

Version Control

Version	1.0
Effective from	1 st July, 2015

Approved by Board of Studies of School of Management on 19th May 2015

BACHELOR OF COMMERCE (HONORS)

Course Title: Business Organization Course Code: BCOM1101/ BBA2101

COURSE OBJECTIVE: LEARNING OUTCOMES:	 To familiarize students with: Management and business concepts and practices. Emerging challenges of managing resources, managing business processes and managing managers. The students should be able to: Define the concept of business organization and list down forms of organization. Understand the role of sole proprietorship decision-making at the level of the firm. Understand the concept of Partnership firm and joint stock concerns. Develop the understanding of the concepts of financial institutions like IFCI, SFC, ICICI, IDBI. Understand market structure and apply it to different industries to understand the four P's of marketing structure of these industries. Apply the concepts of advertisement and sales promotion to real life situations. 	No. of Hours	No. of Credits
Concepts and a new busin responsibility organization, scalar chain.	troduction to Organization objectives of business organization, establishment of ness, pre-establishment considerations and social of business. Meaning, objective and principles of line and staff, functional organization, concept of	30	1
Sole Propri requirements. legal require concerns: M	etorship: Meaning, characteristics and legal Partnership firms: Meaning, partnership deed and ments as per Partnership Act 1932. Joint stock Meaning, features, kinds of companies, legal as per Companies Act 2013.	30	1
Module III:	Business Finance	30	1

Business Finance: Concept, need and significance. Methods of financing: long term, medium term and short term. National finance and international finance. Financial institutions: Brief introduction to IFCI, SFC, ICICI, IDBI. Security market: An introduction to primary and secondary market.		
Module IV: Marketing Marketing: Concept of marketing, four P's of Marketing. Distribution channel: Meaning, importance, and significance of middlemen. Advertisement and sales promotion: Meaning and objectives.	30	1
Suggested Readings: 1. Tulsian P. C. and Pandey V., Business Organization and Management,		

- Pearson Education.2. Bhushan Y. K., Fundamentals of Business Organization and Management,
- Sultan Chand and Sons.Chhabra T.N., Business Organisation, Dhanpat Rai and Sons.
- 4. Robert., Modern Business Administration, McMillan India.

Course Title: Financial Accounting

Course Code: BCOM1102

OBJECTIVE:	 familiarize students with: Basic concepts and standards underlying financial accounting systems. Construction of the basic financial accounting statements as well as their interpretation. Measurement and reporting of corporate performance. students should be able to: Understand and perceive the development of accounting and purpose of maintaining records. Prepare financial statements of sole proprietor and explain the meaning of certain key terms. Compute depreciation according to different methods of providing depreciation. Explain the meaning and objective of preparing a Bank Reconciliation Statement. Make appropriate accounting entries under Hire purchase and Installment payment system. Understand and make appropriate accounting issue, forfeiture, redemption of shares and debentures. 	No. of Hours	No. of Credits
information, funda	action epts of financial accounting, users of accounting mental books of accounting, accounting cycle, ger, cash book: three column.	30	1
Module II: Finance	cial Statements		
	l, importance, limitations. Preparation of trading t and balance sheet with simple adjustments.	30	1
Module III: BRS	5, Depreciation and Hire Purchase		
	n statement. Depreciation: concept, rationale and WDV, SFM. Hire purchase and installment	30	1
Module IV: Com	apany Accounts	30	1

Issue of shares including forfeiture of shares, issue of bonus	
shares, issue of Preference Share. Debenture: Redemption of	
Debenture and its methods. Cash conversion. Sinking fund and	
miscellaneous Accounts.	

Suggested Readings:

- 1. Chaturvedi C. L., Advanced Accountancy, Shree Mahavir Book Depot.
- 2. Gupta R. L. and Radha Swami M., Financial Accounting, Sultan Chand and Sons.
- 3. Gupta R. L., Advanced Accountancy, Sultan Chand and Sons.
- 4. Maheshwari S.N & Maheshwari S.K ,An Introduction to Accountancy, Vikas Publication

Note: 50% of the questions asked will be theoretical.

Course Title: Business Communication

Course Code: BCOM1103/BBA2102

COURSE OBJECTIVE:	 To familiarize students with: Professional communication: written and oral. Aspects of work team communication, electronic communication and business correspondence planning. Facets of report writing. The students should be able to: Develop their ability to write and speak efficiently in the workplace. Develop effective interpersonal communication skills. Understand and utilize constructive negotiation and conflict management skills. Use communication technology appropriately and effectively. Prepare letters that meet professional standards of format, presentation and style. Develop clear and meaningful understanding of business reports and its characteristics. Understand how to gather and organize information for a report. Plan, proof-read and edit copies of business correspondence. 	No. of Hours	No. of Credits
Communicati components directions of Types of com verbal. Barrie	nderstanding Business Communication on: Concept, definition, nature, importance and of communication. Communication process, communications, networks of communication. numunication: formal, informal, verbal, and non- ers to communication. Principles of effective on: 7C's of communication.	30	1
Communicati group goals,	Work Team Communication on in work team: Group communication, Initial Solving group problems: negotiation and up Decision Making. Listening skills.	30	1
Accessing ele browsing and	Fechnology and Communication ectronic information: internet, internet protocol, d searching the internet. Sharing electronic Word processing, MS-Word. E-mail: Effective	30	1

e-mail practices. Correspondence Planning, drafting, revising. Replies, routine claim letters, adjustment letter, goodwill messages, congratulating messages, thank-you notes, sympathy notes. Persuasive messages: Request.		
Module IV: Report Writing Characteristics of business reports, types of reports, purpose of reports. Collecting and analyzing data through questionnaire & interviews. Constructing tables, preparing charts and interpreting data. Writing report: planning, drafting, revising, formatting and proof reading.	30	1
 Suggested Readings: 1. Kaul A., Business Communication, PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd. 2. Sharma, R.C. and Krishna Mohan, Business Correspondence and Report Writing, Tata McGraw-Hill. 		

3. Ober Scot, Contemporary Business Communication, Cengage Learning.

Course Title: Business Statistics

Course Code: BCOM1104

COURSE OBJECTIVE: LEARNING OUTCOMES:	 To familiarize students with: Quantitative information and statistical ideas. Recognition of patterns through statistical diagrams. Formulation and solution of linear programming problems. Probability and its application in business decisions. The students should be able to: Understand the basic concept of statistics and its implementation in various business situations. Evaluate information, both quantitative and qualitative, through sets and Venn diagrams. Present statistical data through diagrams and graphs. Apply and relate decision making through statistical tools and techniques. Recognize problems that linear programming can handle and find optimal solutions subject to some constraints. Sharpen ability to make quality, reasoned business decisions through matrices and probability. 	No. of Hours	No. of Credits
	7. Develop quantitative relationships between variables and draw inference thereon.		
Set theory, fo set: compleme Diagrammatic	ets and Business Mathematics rm of writing a set, subset, equal set, operation on ent of a set, union, and intersection. Venn-diagram. and graphical presentation of statistical data: bar ogram, frequency polygon, frequency curve, ogive	30	1
Measurement deciles, and p standard devi	Elementary Statistics of central tendency: Mean, median, mode, quartile, percentile. Measures of dispersion: mean deviation, ation. Business application of statistical tools and tewness and Kurtosis.	30	1
Module III:	Matrices and Linear Programming	30	1

Matrices: Types of matrices, algebra of matrices. Solution of equations. Linear programming: Two variables problem, formulation, solution by graphical method.		
Module IV: Probability and Correlation Probability: Definition, addition and multiplication rule, conditional probability, Bayes' theorem, Binomial, Poisson and Normal distribution. Correlation and Regression: Scatter diagram, Karl Pearson's coefficient of correlation, rank correlation, simple linear regression, method of least square.	30	1
Suggested Readings:		
1. Tulsian P.C., Business Statistics, S. Chand Publication, New	v Delhi.	
2. Pundir, Mathematical Foundation for Business Admir Prakashan.	nistration,	Pragati
3. Zameeruddin, Khanna and Bhambri, Business Mar Publishing.	thematics	, Vikas
4. Raghavachari, Mathematics for Management, Tata McGraw	v Hill, 200	04.

Note: 50% of the questions asked will be theoretical.

Course Title: Micro Economics

Course Code: BCOM1105

COURSE OBJECTIVE: LEARNING	 To familiarize students with: Initial introduction to the topic of economics and business economics. Demand analysis, its elasticity and forecasting. Market structure and types of competition in it. Planning and policies of profit. 		
OUTCOMES:	 Conceptualize the scope of economics and business economics and become familiar with objectives of firm. Analyze market demand and the factors governing it. Identify various methods of demand analysis and demand forecasting. Analyze cost and its concepts and their classification on different basis. Decide about different market structures and the pricing decisions according to them. Conceptualize profit maximization and policies made and planning done to achieve the goal of profit maximization with customer satisfaction. 	No. of Hours	No. of Credits
other subjec		30	1
Elasticity of elasticity of c forecasting: 1	Demand Analysis demand: Concepts, types, measurements of lemand, implications in decision-making. Demand meaning and significance of demand forecasting, demand forecasting, characteristics of a good asting.	30	1
Cost concep relationship: diseconomies decision poli structures:	Cost Analysis ots and classification of costs. Cost-output Short run and Long run. Economies and of scale. Cost control and reduction. Pricing icies, Pricing Decisions under different market Perfect competition, monopoly, monopolistic oligopoly. Main features of each market structure,	30	1

price determination and managerial implications. Pricing policies and methods.		
Module IV: Profit policies and planning Concept, theories of profit, measurement of profit. Break-even analysis: Concepts, methods of estimation, application in profit planning.	30	1
Suggested Readings:		
 Ahuja, H. L., Business Economics, S. Chand Limited. Mishra and Puri., Business Economics, Himalaya Publishi Koutsoyuianni, Modern Micro Economics, Macmillan. 	ng House.	

Course Title: Business Environment

Course Code: BCOM1106/BBA2202

COURSE OBJECTIVE: LEARNING OUTCOMES:	 To familiarize students with: Business scenarios in today's world. Various policies, laws and their impact on the business. General issues relating to the economic and non-economic environment of the business. Global business environment and the natural environment in which the business operates. The students should be able to: Understand and enhance their knowledge about the various types of business environment: Political, Economic, Socio-cultural, Legal, Technological and Global environment. Analyze the framework of economic planning, its importance and contribution in regional, national and international context. Comprehend the role of public sector along with various government regulatory acts and policies regarding business environment including industrial, monetary and fiscal policies. Interpret and highlight the impact of globalization, liberalization and privatization with policies related to foreign companies. Develop the understanding of concepts of financial Institutions and economic policies. Get a deeper understanding towards recent economic trends. 	No. of Hours	No. of Credits
Components technological	nvironment: Nature, dimensions and meaning. of business environment: economic, political, and social environment. Consumerism and consumer India. A brief study of capitalism, socialism and	30	1
Industrial Gro Economic p	ndustrial and Legal Environment owth and policy, industrial licensing policy. MRTP. blanning: aims, objectives and framework of planning in India. Legal Environment. India's Fiscal Policies.	30	1

Module III: Public Sector and Economic Organizations30Public Sector: Concept, Rationale, Government Programme, Role of Public Sector in India. Foreign Trade Policies. Development Banks: IFCI, IDBI, SIDBI, IIBI.30		1
Module IV: Recent Economic Trends Economic Liberalization, Privatization and Globalization. Foreign investment policy. Export Promotion councils and boards. Import Control. EXIM policy, FEMA, IPR (International and Indian Patent Rights Acts). Anti Pollution Act. Environmental Groups and Bodies. Euro I, II and III Norms.		1
 Suggested Readings: 1. Mishra S. K. and Puri V. K., Economic Environment of Business, Himalaya Publication. 2. Paul, Justin., Business Environment Text and Cases, Tata McGraw Hill. 3. Shaikh and Saleem, Business Environment, Pearson, 1st Edition. 		,

Course Title: Business Mathematics

Course Code: BCOM1201/BBA2205

COURSE OBJECTIVE: LEARNING OUTCOMES:	 To familiarize students with: Important and growing role of Business Mathematics in modern society. Reading cum practical applications of Business Mathematics in every field of management. Working knowledge of current trends, interpretation and relation of these trends to different sectors of firms. The students should be able to: Use the basic principles of arithmetic and apply mathematical skills to financial decisions. Apply the concept of ratio and percentage on calculating cost, discount, commission and profit & loss. Explain the use of interest, annuities and present value of money and apply this in risk and decision making. Develop strong problem-solving skills and the ability to handle non-routine problems by applying appropriate concepts and notation. Analyze the procedures for Sets, Matrices and Permutation & Combination. Recognize problems that linear programming can handle and find optimal solutions subject to some constraints. Solve basic differentiation and integration problems. 	No. of Hours	No. of Credits
Madulate	integration problems.		
Ratio and Per invoice price,	sic Arithmetic reentage: its application in calculating cost and discount, commission and brokerage, Profit & ssion: Arithmetic, Geometric and Harmonic	30	1
Module II: N	Aathematics of Finance	30	1

Simple and Compound interest. Concept of present value and amount of money. Types of Annuities, Present value and Amount of an Annuity. Concept, calculation of Perpetuity.		
Module III: Set Theory Sets Theory: Introduction, Operation on set, Application of Algebra of sets, Cartesian product of two sets, Boolean algebra. Elementary Permutation and Combination.	30	1
Module IV: Linear Programming and Calculus Linear Programming: Graphical methods of Solution, Problems relating to two variables including the case of mixed constraints, Simplex Methods. Basic operations of Differentiation and Integration.	30	1
Suggested Readings: 1. Zameeruddin, Khanna and Bhambri, Business Publishing.	Mathemat	ics, Vikas
 Sharma J. K., Business Mathematics: Theory and A Pvt. Ltd, 2nd Edition. 	pplication,	Ane Books
3. Shukla S. M., Business Mathematics, Sahitya Bhawan	Publication	, Agra.

Course Title: Fundamentals of Computers

Course Code: BCOM1202

COURSE OBJECTIVE:	To familiarize students with:		
	 Fundamentals of computer hardware and software. 		
	\diamond Advanced concepts such as security,		
	networking, and operating system.		
LEARNING	The students should be able to:		
OUTCOMES:	1. Understand the basic concepts of computer and its evolution.		
	2. Identify basic input, output & memory devices and their use.	No.	No. of
	3. Develop a broad understanding of IT and its other interdisciplinary interfaces.	ours	Credits
	4. Describe the internal components of a computer and establish their working.		
	5. Understand the concept of operating system and GUI.		
	6. Understand the importance and relevance of		
	data communication, networking & security.		
	7. Cater to the needs of effectively managing the business by bridging the gap between		
	managerial practices in vogue and		
	Information Technology.		
Module I: Ba	sics of Computer and evolution		
Characteristic computers. H Advantages a computer, Fui of computers Hybrid, On t Micro, Mini, General and S V. Types of Interpreter. G High Level, 4 Data Represe Binary, Octal	entation: Different Number Systems like Decimal, and Hexadecimal and their inter conversion: Fixed	30	1
Point Only			
Module II: I	nput and Output Devices		
Scanner, MIC	tput Devices: Keyboard, Mouse, Joystick, Digitizer, CR, OCR, OMR, Light Pen, Touch Screen, Bar Code e Input Device, Monitor and its type: VGA, SVGA	30	1

 and XGA, Printer and its type: Impact and Non-Impact with example, Plotter. Computer Memory: Primary Memory, ROM and its types: PROM, EPROM, EEPROM, RAM. Secondary memory: SASD, DASD Concept. Magnetic Disks: Floppy disks, Hard disks, Magnetic Tape. Optical disks: CD ROM and its types: CD ROM, CD ROM-R, CD ROM-EO, DVD ROM Flash memory. 		
Module III: Operating System Concept and GUI Operating System Concept: Introduction to operating system, Function of OS, Types of operating systems. Booting Procedure, Start-up sequence, Details of basic system configuration. Important terms like Directory, File, Volume, Label, Drive name, etc. Introduction to GUI using Windows Operating System: All Directory Manipulation: Creating directory, Sub directory, Renaming, Copying and Deleting the directory. File Manipulation: Creating a file, Deleting, Copying and Renaming a file.	30	1
Module IV: Concept of Data Communication, Networking and Security Networking Concepts, Types of networking: LAN, MAN AND WAN. Communication Media. Mode of Transmission: Simplex, Half Duplex, Full Duplex, Analog and Digital Transmission, Synchronous and Asynchronous Transmission. Different Topologies. Introduction to Word processor and Spread Sheets. Concepts related to computer security.		1
 Suggested Readings: Leon and Leon, Introduction to Information Technology, Leon Tech World. Microsoft Office-2000 Complete, BPB Publication. Sinha Kr. Pradeep, Sinha Preeti., Foundations of Computing, BPF Publication. 		

Course Title: Macro Economics

Course Credit: 4

Course Objective:	 To familiarize students with: Basic concepts of macroeconomics. Preliminary concepts associated with the determination and measurement of aggregate macroeconomic variables. 		
LEARNING OUTCOMES:	 The students should be able to: Understand and appreciate the concepts of macroeconomics in theory and practice. Define and measure national income and rates of unemployment and inflation. Use appropriately the marginal efficiency techniques of investment employed in macroeconomic theory. Critically appraise the classical and modern theoretical models of macro market analysis. Understand and apply the concept of economics in the money market. 	No. of Hours	No. of Credits
Determination Macro Econo macro-econor income in two leakages and in National Incon National incon	mics: Definitions, importance, growth, limitations of nics, macro-economic variables. Circular flow of wo, three, four sector economy, relation between injections in circular flow. me: Concepts, definition, methods of measurement. me in India. Problems in measurement of national recautions in estimation of national income.	30	1
Theory of f (Keynesian) between savir marginal eff investment. N	facro Market Analysis Full employment and income: classical, modern approach. Consumption function, relationship ng and consumption. Investment function, concept of iciency of capital and marginal efficiency of lational income determination in two, three and four . Multiplier in two, three and four sectors model.	30	1
Functions and Keynesian and	Money Market d forms of money. Demand for money: Classical, d Friedmanian approach. Measures of money supply. ry of money. Inflation and deflation.	30	1

ule IV: Equilibrium of Product and Money Market30IS-LM model, product market and money market, derivation, Equilibrium of IS-LM curve, Application of IS-LM model in etary and fiscal policy.30		1
Suggested Readings:		
1. Dwivedi, D. N., Macro Economics, Tata McGraw Hill, 2003	5.	
2. Edward Shapiro, Macro-Economic Analysis, Tata McGraw	Hill, 200	3.
3. Khanna, O.P. and Jain, T.R., Macroeconomics, F.K. Publications.		

Course Title: Organizational Behavior

Course Code: BCOM1204/ BBA2201

Course Objective: Learning Outcomes:	 To familiarize students with: Topics and concepts in the field of Organizational Behaviour. Practical implications of various theories of human behaviour at work. Specific topics such as leadership, motivation, emotions, personality, perception, etc. The students should be able to: Understand the concept of behaviour at workplace and analyze the work values, relations between attitude and behaviour. Understand the concept of personality, perception, learning and their implication on individual life as well as on workplace. Devise methods to increase motivation and handle emotions in work setting. Analyze the power of group and qualities of being good leader. Discuss the implication of power, politics and conflict management in organizational behaviour. Develop strategies to manage organizational changes. Understand the culture and structure of 	No. of Hours	No. of Credits
disciplines to	ntroduction nature of Organizational behaviour, Contributing the field of O.B, O.B. Models, Need to understand iour, Challenges and Opportunities.	30	1
Biographical Formation, T between attit traits. Emotio Perception: P Window, Tran	ndividual and Interpersonal Behaviour Characteristics, Ability & Values. Attitudes: heories, Organization related attitude, Relationship ude and behaviour. Personality: determinants and ns. Learning: Theories and reinforcement schedules. Process and errors. Interpersonal Behaviour: Johari nsactional Analysis: ego states, types of transactions, applications of T.A.	30	1
Concept of Grand Informal	Group Behaviour and Team Development roup and Group Dynamics, Types of Groups: Formal Groups, Stages of Group Development, Theories of ation, Group Norms, Group Cohesiveness, Group	30	1

Think and Group Shift, Group Decision Making & Inter Group Behaviour. Concept of Team Vs. Group, Types of teams, Building and managing effective teams.		
Module IV: Organization Culture and Conflict Management Organizational Culture: Concept, Functions, Socialization, Creating and sustaining culture. Managing Conflict: Sources, types, process and resolution of conflict. Managing Change. Managing across Cultures. Empowerment and Participation.		1
Suggested Readings:		
1. Prasad, L.M., Organizational Behaviour, Sultan Chand and	Sons, 200)3.
 Stephen P. Robbins, Organizational Behaviour, Prentice Ltd., New Delhi, 2003. 	Hall of I	ndia Pvt.

- 3. Luthans Fred, Organizational Behaviour, Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi, 2003.
- 4. Chabbra T.N. and Singh B.P., Organization Behaviour, Sultan Chand and Sons.

Course Title: Cost Accounting

Course Code: BCOM1205

C a a a a			
COURSE Objective:	 To familiarize students with: Basic concepts of cost accounting and its elements. Techniques of Costing. 		
LEARNING OUTCOMES:	 The students should be able to: 1. Appreciate the usefulness of cost accounting in management decision making. 2. Understand the difference between cost and financial accounting. 3. Classify various elements of cost and their accounting treatment. 4. Prepare cost sheet. 5. Prepare accounts in case of job and contracts. 6. Prepare accounts where there is process costing. 7. Reconcile cost and financial accounts. 	No. of Hours	No. of Credits
objectives of Cost Accou	troduction cost, costing and Cost Accounting. Origin and cost Accounting, Advantages and Limitations of nting, Limitations of Financial Accounting tween Financial and Cost Accounting. Cost Unit &	30	1
Materials Co issuing includ Turnover. (centre. Alloca	lements of Cost st: Materials purchasing, receiving, storing and ling pricing of issues. Labour Cost and Labour Overheads: Identifying the overheads with cost ation, Apportionment and Absorption: Accounting Under and Over Absorption. Assessment of Cost: f Cost Sheet.	30	1
Job and Ba Limitation ar Concepts and Features, Nor	Fechniques of Costing atch Costing: Meaning, Features, Advantages, ad Numerical problems. Contract Costing: Basic I numerical problems. Process Costing: Meaning, mal and Abnormal Loss/ Gains. Operating Costing: tures, Objectives and Numerical problems.	30	1

Module IV: Reconciliation of Cost and Financial Accounts Need of reconciliation, Reasons of disagreement in profit as per Cost and Financial accounts, Methods of reconciliation, Procedure of reconciliation, Practical problems on reconciliation statements.		1
Suggested Readings:		
1. Cost Accounting, P.C. Tulsian & Bharat Tulsian, S.Chand	Publicatio	ons.
2. Cost Accounting, S.P.Jain, K.L. Narang, Kalyani Publishe	rs.	
3. Cost Accounting, Dr. S.N. Maheshwari, Vikas Publishng.		
4. Cost and Management Accounting, M.N Arora, Vikas Pub	olishing.	

Course Title: Business Law

Course Code: BCOM1301/BBA2303

COURSE Objective:	 To familiarize students with: Essential features of various business laws. Emerging legal issues in business. Ethical and logical approaches to deal with business issues and conflicts. 		
LEARNING OUTCOMES:	 The students should be able to: Have sound knowledge of law related to Indian contract act and understand essential features of valid contract. Distinguish between indemnity and guarantee, bailment and pledge and would know about the contingent contracts, remedies for breach of contacts. Describe the sales of goods act with reference to formation of contract of sale and agreement to sell, conditions and warranties, sale of goods by non-owner, delivery of goods. State the nature & definition of companies with their types. Identify the basics of partnership and its formation. Understand the kinds of negotiable instruments and their endorsements. 	No. of Hours	No. of Credits
Introduction: consideration agreements d Breach of cor	dian Contract Act Nature of contract offer and acceptance, capacity to contract, free consent, legality of object, eclared void, quasi contracts, contingent contracts. htract, remedies for breach of contract. Indemnity and ilment and pledge. Agency. Performance of contract.	30	1
Formation of and warrantie by the non ov	The Sale of Goods Act contract of sale, and agreement to sell, conditions es, implied conditions, caveat emptor, sale of goods wners, delivery of goods, unpaid seller and his rights, preach of contract of sale.	30	1
knowledge Essential cha Memorandum	The Companies Act 2013: Basic elementary aracteristics of a company, types of companies. and articles of association. Prospectus. Shares: ent and transfer. Debentures. Essential conditions for	30	1

a valid meeting, kinds of meetings and resolutions. Directors, Managing Directors: their appointment, qualifications, powers and limits on their remuneration, prevention of oppression and mismanagement.		
Module IV: Partnership Act and Negotiable Instrument Act		
Nature of partnership, Registration of firm and effect of non- registration, Rights and duties of partners, Position of Minor. Dissolution of firm: Rights and liabilities of partners on dissolution.	30	1
Negotiable instruments: Kinds, features, Crossing and types of crossing. Payment in due course, holder and holder in due course, privileges of holder in due course. Dishonour of negotiable instrument, discharge of negotiable instruments, banker and customer.		
Suggested Readings:		
1. Kuchhal M. C., Business Law, Vikas Publishing House, New	v Delhi, 2	2004.
 Kapoor N. D., Elements of Mercantile Law, Sultan Chan- Delhi, 2003. 	d and So	ons, New
3. Gulshan J.J., Business Law Including Company Law, 13th International Publisher.	Edition, 1	New Age
4. Avtar Singh, Principles of Mercantile Law, 7th Editio Company.	n, Easte	rn Book

Course Title: Corporate Accounting

Course Code: BCOM1302

COURSE OBJECTIVE:	 To familiarize students with: Maintenance of accounts in the corporate world. Changes in the accounts when the company goes for restructuring. 		
LEARNING OUTCOMES:	 The students should be able to: Prepare final accounts of the company. Journalize transactions including equity and preference shares. Post accounting entries of shares in the balance sheet. Maintain books of accounts when the company goes for amalgamation. Maintain accounts during internal restructuring. Construct accounts of holding and subsidiary company. Reconcile accounts during liquidation. 	No. of Hours	No. of Credits
Accounts Meaning of F and incomes post incorpora Objectives of and Loss Acc	rofit Prior to Incorporation and Company Final Profit prior to incorporation, Allocation of expenses between pre and post period, Ascertaining pre and ation profit or loss. Preparation of final accounts, Preparation of Profit count, Profit and Loss Appropriation Account and t in prescribed form.	30	1
Redemption Meaning and Equity Share Money, Pro-r Meaning and Types of pref	ssue, Forfeiture and Re-issue of Equity Shares & of Preference Shares procedure of Issue, Forfeiture and Re-issue of es, Application Money, Allotment Money, Call ata allotment of shares, Practical problems. procedure of Redemption of preference shares, ference shares, Sources of redemption of preference cal problems and Balance Sheet after Redemption shares.	30	1
purchase cons	I: Amalgamation and Reconstruction of causes of amalgamation of companies. Methods of sideration. Opening and closing entries in the books and preparation of balance sheet.	30	1

Meaning and need of reconstruction of a company, Types of reconstruction, Accounting Entries related to internal reconstruction only, Preparation of revised balance sheet.		
Module IV: Holding Company Accounts and Liquidation Meaning of Holding Company and Subsidiary Company, Holding Company Accounts with its only one Subsidiary Company, Consolidated Balance Sheet, Pre-acquisition and Post- acquisition of Profit, Inter-company Debts, Bills and Debentures, Cost of Control, Minority Interest, Practical Problems on Consolidated Balance Sheet. Meaning and causes of Liquidation of a Company, Process of Liquidation of a Company, Role of Company Liquidator,	30	1
 Accounting Treatment of Voluntary Liquidation of a Company. Suggested Readings: Practical problems in Advanced Accountancy, S.P. Jain Kalyani Publishers Ludhiana. Advanced Accounting, J.R. Batliboi, The Standard Accountance Distribution and the standard Accountance Distribution. 		Narang,

- Publications Private Ltd. Mumbai.
- 3. Advanced Accountancy, R.L. Gupta, M. Radhaswami, Sultan Chand and Sons, New Delhi.
- 4. A New Approach to Accountancy, H.R. Kotalwar, Discovery Publishers, Latur.

Course Title: Operations Management

Course Code: BCOM1303

Course Credit: 4

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Course Objective: Learning Outcomes:	 To familiarize students with: Different types of Production. Plant decisions and inventory management. Appropriate tools and techniques of quality management and control. Essentials of logistics management. The students should be able to: 1. Explain the strategic role of Production and Operations Management and its competitive advantage for the growth and survival of organizations. 2. Demonstrate the understanding of the facility layouts and location decisions in production system. 3. Identify and forecast the problems involved in inventory management. 4. Implement and use the principles of Material Requirement Planning. 5. Understand the various types of production systems. 6. Apply quantitative techniques to control the quality in organizations. 7. Apply the knowledge of Just-In-Time in production systems. 8. Apply the concepts of operations research in scare resource allocations. 	No. of Hours	No. of Credits
decisions Definition ar operations m and operation history of th Layout: Feat Optimization layout. Appl	Operations Management, Layout and Location and criteria of performance for the production and anagement system. Jobs or decisions of production s management. Classification of decision areas. Brief e production and operation management function. ures, basic principles, types, merit and demerits. in a product/line layout, optimization in a process ication in service industries. Location decision, pects in location planning.	30	1
Inventory Co	Material Management ontrol: EOQ, Simple Deterministic Models, ABC	30	1

analysis, Value analysis/ value engineering. Purchasing research, vendor relations and selection of vendors. Material Requirement

Planning (MRP): An overview.		
Module III: Production Planning and Control, Quality Management		
Production planning and control: Concept. Assembly line balancing, types of production and production system, maintenance management. Work-study and work design. Productivity and methods of improvement. Quality management as a corporate strategy. Statistical methods and process controls. Control charts, acceptance sampling. Total quality management (TQM): motivation in quality management. ISO 9000 and 14000 series. Just in Time production.	30	1
Module IV: Introduction to Operation Research		
Linear programming, Simplex method, Big-M Method, Two Phase Method. Definitions and distinctions between CPM and PERT, Network Diagram and Time Calculations.	30	1
Suggested Readings:		
1. N.J. Aquilano, R.B. Chase and F.R. Jacob, Operation Competitive Advantage, Tata McGraw Hill, 9th Edition.	Manager	ment for
2. Chary S.N., Production and Operation Management, Tata Edition.	McGraw	Hill, 4th
3. Manocha R.C., Production and Operation Management, Late	st Edition	1.
4 Cupto S. D. Statistical Mathed Sultan Chand Latast Edition		

4. Gupta S.P., Statistical Method, Sultan Chand, Latest Edition.

Course Title: Marketing Management

Course Code: BCOM1304/BBA2302

			1
COURSE OBJECTIVE: LEARNING OUTCOMES:	 To familiarize students with: All aspects of marketing, including product planning & development, promotion, distribution, pricing and branding. Theories of the marketing mix variables. Practical applications of marketing theories in the context of the marketing management. The students should be able to: Understand and appreciate the concept of marketing in theory and practice. Identify different types of marketing environment and the forces which affect the working of the company in short and long run. Understand segmentation and learn different ways of selecting the appropriate target and positioning the product in the market. Discuss different types of product, levels of hierarchy and classification of products 	No. of Hours	No. of Credits
	along with the concept of branding and its types.5. Describe the marketing channels, channel dynamics and pricing of the products.6. Evaluate different promotional strategies and media planning.		
Marketing: N towards mark concepts and in macro env Segmentation Process of Se	troduction and Marketing Segmentation Nature, meaning, scope, concepts and orientation et. Marketing mix. Customer's value and satisfaction: delivery. Marketing environment: Needs and trends ironment forces. Introduction to strategic marketing. : Concept of market Segmentation, Patterns and gmentation, Segmenting Consumer Markets. Market sitioning concept and types.	30	1
Product: Cor Products, Pro	Concepts of Product and Branding acepts, Product Level Hierarchy, Classification of duct Mix, Product Line, Product Life Cycle, Product Brand: Concept, Challenges, Brand Equity, Brand	30	1

Module III: Marketing Channels and Pricing Nature of Marketing Channels, Channel functions and flows, Channel Design and Management Channel Dynamics. Pricing: objectives, factors influencing pricing, basic methods of pricing and pricing strategies.	30	1
Module IV: Promotion and Marketing Program Promotion: Promotion Mix. Managing Advertisement: Objectives, Budget, Message. Media planning and Sales Promotion Tools.	30	1
Suggested Readings:		
1. Kotler Philip and Armstrong G., Principles of Marketing, Pe	arson.	
2. Sherlekar S. A., Marketing Management, Himalaya Publishin	ng House	
3. Saxena R., Marketing Management, Tata McGraw Hill.		

Course Title: Income Tax Law & Practices

Course Code: BCOM1305/BBA06

COURSE	To familiarize students with:		
OBJECTIVE:	\clubsuit The fundamental concepts in income tax.		
	 The practical aspect of computing taxable income. 		
LEARNING	The students should be able to :		
OUTCOMES:	1. Understand the important terms of income tax.		
	2. Gain an insight to the direct and indirect tax laws in India.	No. of No. o	No. of
	3. Understand about the concept of residential status and the types of residents like individual, HUF, firms and companies.	Hours	Credits
	 Calculate the income under different heads- Salary, House property, Business & Profession, Capital Gains, Other sources. 		
	5. Identify the deductions available under different sections.		
	6. Determine the amount of income on which tax has to be calculated.		
Module I: In	troduction to Income Tax and Residential status		
Income, Gros year, Previou	important terms used in Income Tax, Agricultural s Total Income, Total Income, Assessee, Assessment s year. Residential status & Tax liability. Types of dividual, HUF, Firm & Other Association of Persons	30	1
Module II : I	ncome from Salary		
valuation of p	salary, meaning of salary, allowances, perquisites, erquisites, profit in lieu of salary, deductions u/s 16 (i ent fund and classification of provident fund, taxable salary.	30	1
Module III: Profession	Income from House Property, Business &		
income from calculation of and professio disallowed, e	house property: rules regarding computing taxable house property, annual value, deduction u/s 24 and income from house property. Income from business on: expenses expressly allowed, expenses expressly xpenses under certain circumstances, determination m business and profession.	30	1

Module IV: Income from Capital gains and other sources Income from capital gains: meaning, kinds of capital assessed, meaning of transfer, exempted capital gains, calculation of capital gains. Income from Other Sources: Provisions regarding dividend and interest and interest on securities, determination of income from other sources. Assessment of individual, clubbing of income, set off and carry forward of losses, deduction from gross total income (u/s 80c- 80u), determination of taxable income.	30	1
Suggested Readings:		
1. Ahuja & Gupta., Systematic Approach to Income Tax.		
2. Agarwal, B. K., Ayakar Vidhan Avam Lekhe.		
3. Agarwal, B. K., Income Tax Law and Practice.		
4. Chandra, Girish., Income Tax.		

Course Title: Financial Management

Course Code: BCOM1306/BBA2306

COURSE OBJECTIVE: LEARNING OUTCOMES:	 To familiarize students with: Financial decisions made by financial managers. Theories of finance. Techniques which assist in the decision making process. Capital Structure for the value maximization of the firm. The students should be able to: Identify financial management techniques with their implications in business. Understand investment and financial decisions to maximize the value of the firm and Shareholder's wealth maximization. Evaluate and make capital budgeting decisions based on NPV, IRR and PI concepts. Understand the relevance of Cost of capital and weighted average cost of capital. Prepare the working capital requirements of different projects and firms. Understand how specific techniques and decision rules can be used to develop Capital structure for an organization. Reconcile the leverage effect of capital mix and impact of leverage. 	No. of Hours	No. of Credits
profit/wealth Concept of ti sources, Long	troduction scope of financial management, finance function, maximization. Functions of financial managers. me value of money. Sources of finance: Short Term g term sources and shares debentures, term loans, funds, venture capital financing.	30	1
Meaning, obj	Capital Budgeting jectives, nature of investment decisions. Pay back present value method, profitability index, and internal method.	30	1
Capital Introduction, Capital Asset	Cost of Capital and Management of Working significance, concept, components of cost of capital. Pricing Model. Weighted Average Cost of Capital. pital management: meaning, scope, Importance, and sources. Approaches of working Capital	30	1

Management of Cash, inventories and receivables.		
Module IV: Capital Structure Capitalization: meaning, importance, Over Capitalization, under capitalization and optimum Capitalization. Capital Structure: meaning, forms and determinants of capital structure, operating and financial leverage, planning the capital structure by EBIT-EPS Analysis.	30	1

Suggested Readings:

- 1. Maheshwari S.N., Financial Management, Principles and Practice, Sultan Chand and Sons, 9th Edition 2004.
- 2. Khan M.Y and Jain P.K., Financial Management, Tata McGraw Hill, 2001, 3rd Edition.
- 3. Pandey I. M., Financial Management, Vikas Publishing House, Revised Ed., 2003

Course Title: Human Resource Management

Course Code: BCOM1401/BBA2301

Course Objective:	 To familiarize students with: Importance and function of HR department. Process of recruitment and selection. Different training methods used for employees. Wage determination and welfare activities for employees. 		
LEARNING OUTCOMES:	 The students should be able to: Understand HRM and its objectives and identify its importance and functions in present scenario. Explain manpower planning and personnel policies. List the factors affecting recruitment and sources of recruitment. State the objectives of promotion, demotion and transfer. Describe the basic concepts of different training and development methods used for employees. Understand concept of career planning and counseling. Distinguish between performance appraisal techniques. Identify wage determination & incentive plan and also different welfare activities for employees. 	No. of Hours	No. of Credits
1 0	troduction ectives, importance and functions of HR department. anning. Personnel policies, programs and procedures.	30	1
Recruitment: Selection: Pr	Enternal Mobility and Staffing Factors affecting recruitment, sources of recruitment. rocess, selection test, interview, group discussion, placement, promotion, demotion, transfer and job	30	1
Objectives an job training, methods: cas sensitivity the coaching, un	Training & Development and Career Counseling ad importance of training. Training methods: on the vestibule training, apprenticeship. Development e study, business games, in basket, role playing, raining, transactional analysis, special courses, derstudy, position rotation, multiple management, lings, special meetings and special projects. Career	30	1

planning and counseling.		
Module IV: Performance appraisal, Employee Welfare and Compensation		
Performance appraisal: objectives, methods and job evaluation. Job analysis: job description and job specification. Welfare activities: housing facilities, canteen, fringe benefits, working environment, health and safety to workers, voluntary welfare scheme for education, social security measures. Wages and salary determination.	30	1
Suggested Readings:		
1. Aswathappa K., Human Resource and Personnel Manage	ement, T	MH, 5th

- 1. Aswathappa K., Human Resource and Personnel Management, TMH, 5th Edition.
- 2. Rao V.S.P., Human Resource Management: Text and Cases, Excel Books, 2nd Edition.
- 3. Ivansevich, Human Resource Management, Tata McGraw Hill, 10th Edition.

Course Title: Indian Economy-Performance and Policies

Course Code: BCOM1402

COURSE Objective:	 To familiarize students with: The overview of Indian Economy. The procedures and policies which have led to present economic situation. 		
LEARNING OUTCOMES:	 The students should be able to: Conceptualize the present state of Indian Economy. Describe the major problems plaguing the process of development. Explain the importance and procedure of five year plans. Differentiate between the role of private and public sector in the development of the country. Explain important policies governing the development of the country. Identify the importance of different sectors contribution in the growth of the country. 	No. of Hours	No. of Credits
Trends to underdevelop and measure	werview of Indian Economy wards market economy, Problems of ment: Meaning & Reasons. Development: Factors , Meaning of Economic development, National capital income, Quality of life, Capital Formation: stment.	30	1
Planning in adopting, Ol Modernization Allocation o	lanning in India India: Meaning, Importance, Main reasons of bjectives of planning, Economic development, n, Stability, Self sufficiency, Employment. f Resources. Public Sector: Role and growth, s of the public sector. Private Sector: Importance	30	1
Present Eco Expansion of policy: 1948	Economic and Industrial Policies onomic Policy, Main feature, Globalization, Private sector. Public distribution system, Industrial 5, 1956, 1977, 1980, 1990, 1991, 2000-2001. Sensing, Monetary and Fiscal Policy. New foreign	30	1

Module IV: Role of Different Sectors in Economic DevelopmentProblems and prospects of Indian Agriculture, agriculture development during plan period. Position, Problems and Prospects of Large Scale Industries namely Iron, Steel, Sugar, Cotton and Textile.Service and Entrepreneurial Sector, role of Commercial Bank and Financial Institutions, Role of Small Scale Industries in Indian Economy.		1
 Suggested Readings: 1. Indian Economy, A. N. Agarwal, New Age International Pu 2. Indian Economy, Mishra & Puri, Himalaya Publishing Hou 3. Indian Devlopment and Planning, M. L. Ibingan, Vrinda Pu 	use, New	Delhi.

- 3. Indian Devlopment and Planning, M. L. Jhingan, Vrinda Publications P Ltd.
- 4. Indian Economy, R. S. Rastogi, SSDN Publishers & Distributors.

Course Title: Corporate Laws

Course Code: BCOM1403

COURSE OBJECTIVE: LEARNING OUTCOMES:	 To familiarize students with Company Law in conformity with the provisions of Companies Act. Recent amendments in the Companies Act. The students should be able to: Understand the basic provisions of company law. Explain the formation of a company. Describe the important documents required for commencement of business. Understand the capital structure of the company. Describe the importance of company meetings and the various voting rights. Explain the management of a company. 	No. of Hours	No. of Credits
& Disadvanta Formation of Promotion, In	aracteristics, Importance, Classification, Advantages ges of Companies. of Company, Stages of Company Formation: neorporation, Capital Subscription, Commencement Conversion of a Private Company into a Public	30	1
Memorandum Association (S of Association Association an Capital Struc Shares, Mea	Company Documents of Association, Clauses in Memorandum of Sec. 13), Articles of Association, Contents of Articles n, Prospectus, Comparison between Memorandum of nd Articles of Association. Hure, Meaning & Definition of Share, Types of ning & Definition of Debentures, Types of hare Certificate, Share Warrant.	30	1
Meaning & D Meetings: Sha Debenture H	Company Meetings Definition of Company Meetings. Kinds of Company are Holders Meeting, Directors Meeting, Creditors & Iolders Meeting. Essentials of Valid Meeting, Meeting, Motion, Resolution, Methods of Voting at a ting.	30	1

 Module IV: Company Management and Winding up Structure of Company Management, Constituents of Company Management, Director of a Company, Managing Director, Full/Whole Time Director, Company Auditor, Company Accountant, Powers and Duties of Managing Director, Powers and Duties of Company Auditor. Winding up of a Company, Types of Winding up of a Company. 	30	1
Suggested Readings:		

- 1. Company Law, Dr. Avtar Singh, Eastern Book Company. Lucknow
- 2. Gulshan J.J., Business Law Including Company Law, 13th Edition, New Age International Publisher.
- 3. Elements of Company Law, N.D. Kapoor Sultan Chand & Sons Educational Publishers, New Delhi.
- 4. A Manual of Business Laws Dr. S.N. Maheshwari, Dr. S.K. Maheshwari, Himalaya Publishing House.
- 5. Company Law, Agrawal Nair, Banerjee, Pragari Prakashan. Meerut.

Course Title: Auditing - Principles and Practice

Course Code: BCOM1404

Course Credit: 4

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COURSE OBJECTIVE:	 To familiarize students with: The process of auditing. The role of an auditor and auditor's report. 		
LEARNING OUTCOMES:	 The students should be able to: Conceptualize the process and importance of auditing. Detect the fraud associated with the documents of a company. Control the level of fraud through auditing. Process of creation of evidences in auditing. Understand the importance of auditor. Prepare an auditor's report. 	No. of Hours	No. of Credits
Module I: In	troduction of Auditing		
Auditing, C	ts of Auditing, Distinction between Investigation and Classification of Audits, Difference between Audit and Commercial Audit, Advantages of Audit, f Audit.	30	1
Module II: I	Detection and Prevention of Fraud		
• •	ors, Location of Errors, Detection and prevention of ors position as regards to Frauds and errors.	30	1
Module III:	Audit Evidence		
of evidence.	Evidence for assertions, Formation of opinion, Types Audit techniques of collecting Audit Evidence, Audit pes of Sampling.	30	1
Module IV:	Company Auditor and Audit Reports		
Qualifications Responsibiliti	s, Appointment, Removal, Power, Duties and es.	30	1
-	ort: Basic elements of Audit report, Kinds of audit nen of clean report, Specimen of qualified report.		
Suggested Re	eadings:		
Practic 2. Jha, A 3. Tondo 4. Gupta	r, Ravinder, and Sharma, Virender, (2009), Auditing: P ces, PHI Learning Private Limited, New Delhi runa, (2010), Auditing, Taxmann Publications Pvt. Ltd on B.N., Principles of Auditing, S. Chand and Co., New Kamal, Contemporary Auditing, Tata Mc Graw Hill, N	l. 7 Delhi.	

5. Sharma T.R., Principles of Auditing, Sahitya Bhawan, Agra.

Course Title: Management Accounting

Course Code: BCOM1405/BBA2203

COURSE OBJECTIVE: LEARNING OUTCOMES:	 To familiarize students with: Management accounting concepts related to the management functions of planning, control, and decision making. Management accounting tools and quantitative techniques that can be used to analyze how business processes consume resources and create value for a firm. Management accounting data and analytical skills necessary to diagnose complex business problems in accounting context. The students should be able to: Appreciate the usefulness of management accounting in management decision making. Describe the role of management accounting within an organization. Identify the relevant inflows and outflows of funds in different situations and use this information to analyze and make a variety of short-term, operational decisions. Identify how costs behave and use this information in a range of decisions. State the meaning, objectives and structure of responsibility accounting as divisional performance measurement. Discuss the features of different budgeting systems and undertake budget variance analysis. 	No. of Hours	No. of Credits
Meaning, N Accounting, making, Mar	anagement Accounting ature, Scope and Function of Management Role of Management Accounting in decision nagement Accounting Vs Financial Accounting, chniques of Management Accounting.	30	1
Meaning and financial stat Analysis: Rat Ratios, Turn	inancial Statements Analysis components of financial statements. Objectives of ement Analysis, Methods of financial Statement tio Analysis, classification of Ratios: Profitability over Ratios, Liquidity Ratios, Advantages and Accounting Ratios. Fund flow statement, Cash	30	1

Flow Statement as per Accounting Standard 3.		
Module III: Marginal and Standard Costing Meaning, Advantages and Limitation, Marginal Costing as a tool for decision making: Make or Buy, Change in product Mix, Pricing Decision, Exploring a New Market, Shut Down Decision. Cost Volume Profit Analysis, Break Even Point. Meaning of Standard cost and Standard Costing, Advantages and Application. Variance Analysis: Material and Labour Variance, Responsibility Accounting.	30	1
Module IV: Budgeting for Profit Planning and Control Meaning of Budget and Budgetary control, Objectives, Merits and Limitations, Types of Budgets: Fixed and Flexible Budget, Cash Budget, Zero Base Budgeting and Performance Budgeting.		1
 Suggested Readings: 1. Khan, M. Y. and Jain, P.K., Management Accounting, Tata McGraw Hill Education. 2. Maheshwari, S. N., Management Accounting, Sultan Chand and Sons. 		
 Sharma, R. K., Management Accounting, Kalyani Publishers. Arora, M.N., Cost and Management Accounting, Vikas Publishing. 		g.

Course Title: Business Ethics

Course Code: BCOM1406/BBA2504

COURSE OBJECTIVE: LEARNING OUTCOMES:	 To familiarize students with: The ethical issues and dilemmas faced by the managers in most business organizations. The concepts of CSR, Consumer Protection, Success, Dharma, Karma, etc. The students should be able to: Understand the relevance of ethics and values in business. Identify the ethical dimensions of common business practices. Develop Ethical and Value Based thought process for future managerial performance. Gain knowledge of corporate social responsibility and consumer protection. Understand the concept of corporate governance and its relevance in present scenario. Understand progress and interpret result in 	No. of Hours	No. of Credits
	managing transformation.7. Illustrate the concept of Dharma and Yoga not only from personal but also from professional viewpoint.		
between eth Managers. Etl and decision business.	troduction eept, types and formation of values. Relationship ics, values and behaviour, Values of Indian nics: development of ethics, ethical decision making making process, relevance of ethics and values in of Ethics: Management process and ethics,	30	1
managerial p	erformance, ethical issues, ethos of Vedanta in Hierarchism as an organizational value.		
Module II: OProtection	Corporate Social Responsibility and Consumer		
consumers an	esponsibility of business towards employees, ad community. Corporate Governance & Code of overnance. Consumerism. Unethical issues in sales, I technology.	30	1
	Understanding Progress & Results, Managing ion and Success	30	1

 Progress & Results: Definition and functions of progress. Transformation: Need for transformation, process and challenges of transformation. Understanding Success: Definitions of success, Principles for competitive success, prerequisites to create blue print for success. 		
Successful stories of business Gurus. Module IV: Knowledge, Wisdom, Stress Management,		
Dharma & Karma Yoga and TQM		
Knowledge and Wisdom: Meaning of knowledge and wisdom, difference between knowledge and wisdom, knowledge worker versus wisdom worker, concept of knowledge management and wisdom management, wisdom based management.	30	1
Stress Management: Meaning, sources and consequences of stress, stress management and detached involvement.		
Dharma & Karma Yoga: Concept of Dharma and Karama. Kinds of Karma Yoga: Nishkam Karma and Sakam Karma. Total quality management, Quality of life and quality of work life.		
Suggested Readings:		
1. Chakraborty, S.K., Human values for Managers.		
2. Chakraborty, S.K., Ethics in Management: A Vedantic Perspective, Oxford University Press.		
3. Gaur, R.R., Sangal, R. and Bagaria, G.P., A Foundation Course in Human Values and Professional Ethics, Excel Books Private Limited, New Delhi.		

Course Title: Business Research Tools

Course Code: BCOM1501

COURSE OBJECTIVE: LEARNING OUTCOMES:	 To familiarize students with: Core concepts, frameworks, and techniques of Research Methodology. Methods of data collection, data analysis and report writing. The students should be able to: Understand the basic concept of Research methodology and its implementation in various business situations. Apply and relate decisions to formulate a good hypothesis. Understand variables establishing cause and effect relationship. Enhance understanding of the impact of sampling and its techniques. Examine the sources of data collection. Develop clear and meaningful understanding of business reports and its characteristics. 	No. of Hours	No. of Credits
Meaning, Obj Process and	troduction to Research jectives, types and Importance of Research. Research criteria of good research. Research problem, volved in defining a problem.	30	1
Hypothesis: characteristics	Aypothesis and Research Design Meaning, sources, need, importance and s of a good hypothesis. Research Design: meaning ace, criteria of a good Research Design.	30	1
good sample	Sampling Types, Steps in sampling design. Characteristics of a design. Measurement scales: Nominal, Ordinal, Ratio scales. Important scaling techniques.	30	1
Secondary Experimentat Questionnaire interviewing. steps in report	Method of Data Collection and Report Writing data, Primary data: Survey, Observation, ion, Case-Study method, criteria for constructing as or Schedules. Guidelines for successful Testing of hypothesis. Importance of Report Writing, t writing. Layout of the research report, Precautions esearch report. Application of research in business	30	1

management.

Suggested Readings:

- 1. Kothari C.R., Research Methodology, New Age International Publishers.
- 2. Saunders, Research Methods for Business Students, Prentice hall, 2nd Edition, 2007.
- 3. Murthy C., Research Methodology, Vrinda Publications.
- 4. Bhattacharyya, Research Methodology, Excel Books.
- 5. Naresh Malhotra, Market Research, Pearson Education.

Course Title: Investment Analysis

Course Code: BCOM1502

COURSE OBJECTIVE: LEARNING OUTCOMES:	 To familiarize students with: The environment for investment in India. The characteristics of an Indian investor. The students should be able to: Understand the importance of savings and investments. Elaborate the financial system of the country. Describe the security market prevailing in the country and its players. Calculate the prices of different securities. Analyse different investment avenues and the risk factor associated with them. Conduct technical analysis of the market. 	No. of Hours	No. of Credits
Financial int savings. Impo investment. Financial Sys	troduction vings and investment, Role of savings practices, ermediaries, Linkage between financial and real ortance of household savings. Shifts in Savings and tems in India: Money Market, Debt Market, Capital I for correlating them, Bullion Market and Foreign	30	1
Module II: Security Market and Investment Analysis Need for study and research of market data, Factors influencing behaviour of market, Valuation of Shares and securities: Introduction and Methods. Investment Avenues, Objectives of investors, Characteristics of investments, Risk Return relationship, Classes of instruments, Investment portfolio for average household.		30	1
Influencing f value, Liquid Valuation, Sin	Security Pricing factors, Valuation, Constant Growth Model, Book lity Value, Intrinsic Value, Market Price, Bond ngle Period valuation Model, Multi Period Valuation end capitalization, Valuation of Security in India.	30	1

Module IV: Technical Analysis of market Meaning and Importance, Timing of investment, Basic Terms, Dow theory, Major trends, Breadth of the markets, Volume of Trading, Principles of Technical Analysis ,Oscillatory Fundamental Analysis.	30	1
Suggested Readings: 1. Investment and Securities Markets in India, V.A. Av Publishing House.	vdhani,	Himalaya
 Study of Indian Financial System, V. A. Ave Publishing House. 	dhani, 🛛	Himalaya
 Financial Management, R. S. Rustogi, Taxmann Publication Indian Securities Market, O. P. Gupta, Anmol Publication. 	Pvt. Ltd	

Course Title: Insurance and Risk Management

Course Code: BCOM1503

COURSE OBJECTIVE: LEARNING OUTCOMES:	 To familiarize students with: The risk and its management process through insurance and other methods. The state of affairs of insurance industry in India. The students should be able to: Calculate the risk and manage it. Understand the Property and Liability Risk Management techniques. Understand the risk management techniques of Life, Health and Income exposures. Understand the functioning of Insurance Industry in India. Explain the regulatory framework of insurance industry. Create a framework for enterprise risk management. 	No. of Hours	No. of Credits
Definition, Pu & risk shari society, Type	Atroduction to Insurance urpose & need of Insurance, Insurance as risk transfer ng mechanism, Benefits & Cost of insurance to es of insurance business, Essential elements of tract, Fundamental principles of insurance.	30	1
Insurance doo Insurance, En Report. Basic Riders, Deduc Insurance Act Consumer Pro	t 1938, IRDA Act 1999, GIBNA 1972, LIC Act 1956, Detection Act 1986, Insurance Ombudsman, Role of T. act Act 1872, Malhotra Committee, Insurance	30	1
Module III: Life and General Insurance Meaning & Types of life insurance: Special purpose life insurance policies, With or without profit policies, Bonus, Guaranteed addition, Women policy, Children Policy. Policy Benefits, Product pricing, Underwriting in life insurance. Meaning & Principles of General Insurance. Types of General Insurance: Fire Insurance, Marine Insurance, Motor Insurance (Terminology, Perils, Clause, Exclusion & Covers), Personal		30	1

Accide	ent Insurance, Health Insurance, Liability Insurance.		
Enterp an E	le IV: Risk Management brise Risk Management: Meaning of ERM, Source of risk to nterprise, Pure risk, Speculative risk, Strategic risk, tional risk, Market risk, Credit risk.	30	1
	nanagement models, Integrated risk assessment, Frontiers of Role of Chief Officer, Prerequisites for ERM.		
Sugge	sted Readings:		
1.	Insurance Principles and Practice, Misra M.N. and Misra S. Co.	.R, S .C	hand and
2.	Insurance and Risk Management, Gupta P.K., Himalayan. New Delhi.	Publishir	ng House
3.	Risk Management and Insurance, Jave S. Trieschimam, San Robert E Houyt Thomson Sowlla Western, Singapore.	dra G. G	ustarson,
4.	Risk Management and Insurance, Scoh E Herrington, M	cGraw H	Hill New

4. Risk Management and Insurance, Scoh E Herrington, McGraw Hill New Delhi.

Course Title: Entrepreneurship and Small Business Management

Course Code: BCOM1504/BBA2403

COURSE Objective:	 To familiarize students with: Knowledge needed to work in, manage or own a business. Varied aspects of small scale industries and entrepreneurship. 		
LEARNING OUTCOMES:	 The students should be able to: Explain the various entrepreneurial skills, functions as well as entrepreneurial development programs. Effectively generate and communicate business ideas in a structured environment. Identify the opportunities available for the small scale enterprise and selection of suitable site and technology. Describe the role of Financial Institutions in the development of small scale business. Prepare project report for the financial feasibility of small business. Correlate the importance of management fields namely marketing, finance and operations in the context of small business development. 	No. of Hours	No. of Credits
entrepreneuria	troduction oncept of entrepreneur. Entrepreneurial function, al skills. Entrepreneur development programme. r entrepreneurs.	30	1
Establishing s	Small Scale Enterprise mall scale enterprise: opportunities scanning, market, ant for small scale enterprise, selection of site and mology.	30	1
Analysis for	Project Planning and Institutional Arrangements financial feasibility, Project report preparation. or entrepreneurial development, state incentives, role astitutions.	30	1
Operating th	Management of Small Business ne small-scale enterprises. Issues in financial operations management, marketing management,	30	1

organizational relations, and performance assessment.		
Suggested Readings:		
1. Lall and Sahai, Entrepreneurship, Excel Books, 2nd Edition		
2. Couger C, Creativity and Innovation, IPP, 1999.		
3. Kakkar D. N., Entrepreneurship Development, Wiley Dream	ntech.	
4. Rai A.K., Entrepreneurship Development, Vikas Publishing	•	

5. Sehgal and Chaturvedi, Entrepreneurship Development, UDH Publishing, 2013.

Course Title: Advertising and Brand Management

Course Code: BCOM1505/ BBA03 / BBM03

COURSE OBJECTIVE:	 To familiarize students with: The use of advertising and branding tools in marketing. The advertising and branding policies from development and execution perspectives. The marketing communications in the contexts of classic and new media to develop integrated communication strategies. 		
LEARNING OUTCOMES:	 The students should be able to: Identify advertising decision areas. Understand the implications of current trends in advertising and promotion. Examine critical marketing factors that influence advertising decisions. Develop an advertising campaign plan that reflects an integrated marketing communications (IMC) perspective. Understand key issues in crafting and evaluating brand strategies. Discuss theories, models, and other analytical tools to make better branding decisions. 	No. of Hours	No. of Credits
Module I : Introduction to AdvertisingIntroduction: Definition, nature and evolution of advertising.Functions, role and criticism of advertising. Social, economic andlegal aspects of advertising. Advertising and Marketing Mix.Indian advertising industry.Creative aspects of advertising: copy writing, advertising artwork,copy in conventional media and Cyberspace.		30	1
Module II : Advertising Message, Objectives and EffectivenessAdvertising message: Message objectives, recall, attitude, emotions and feelings, Message tactics.Advertising Objectives: Goals and objectives, DAGMAR. Media strategy: budgeting, approaches and allocation. Media planning types, class, vehicle, scheduling and new media forms.Advertising effectiveness: Pre and post launch research. Advertising in the evolving marketing environment.		30	1
	Brand Concept t: Nature and Importance of Brand, Types of brands,	30	1

Strategic Brand Management Process, Brand Identity perspectives, Brand identity prism and Identity levels. Concepts and Measures of Brand Equity, Brand Loyalty and Measures of Loyalty. Branding strategies: product, line, range and umbrella branding. Brand Image Dimensions.		
Module IV: Brand Positioning Brand Positioning: Concepts and Definitions, 3 Cs of positioning, Brand positioning and differentiation strategies, Repositioning, Celebrity Endorsements. Brand Extension, Managing brands over time, Brand reinforcement, brand revitalization, managing global brands, Branding in different sectors.	30	1
 Suggested Readings: 1. Wells W., Burnet J. and Moriarty S. (2007), Advertisity Practice, Pearson Education. 2. Keller K. L., (2008), Strategic Brand Management, Pearson H 3. Belch, G. E. & Belch, M. A., (2001), Advertising and McGraw Hill. 	Education	1.

Course Title: Financial Markets, Institutions and Financial Services	
Course Code: BCOM1506	Course Credit: 4

		000250	
COURSE OBJECTIVE:	 To familiarize students with: The structure, organization and functioning of the Financial System in India. The new financial instruments and their implications in the existing regulatory framework. 		
LEARNING OUTCOMES:	 The students should be able to: Understand the financial system of the country. Identify the role of various financial institutions governing the financial market of the country. Elaborate the role of different regulatory bodies in the Indian financial market. Understand the various markets for transacting in securities. Differentiate between primary and secondary market. Analyse the role of various intermediaries which facilitate the processing in the financial market. 	No. of Hours	No. of Credits
Module I : Introduction Financial system: Meaning, role and functions of a financial system. Organized and unorganized financial system. Components of Financial System: Financial Assets, Financial Intermediaries, Financial Markets: money and capital markets in India. Relevance of various interest/return rates, Regulatory framework, Financial Instruments in brief.		30	1
Module II: Financial Institutions and Regulatory Bodies Money market institutions: Meaning, Role of the Central Bank (RBI) in money markets. Commercial banks: Meaning and Functions. Indigenous Financial Agencies: Bankers, Money lenders, Discount houses, Accepting houses: Meaning and features. Capital Market institutions: Meaning and functions. Merchant Banks, Investment companies, Management Investment companies, Development banks, Mutual Funds. Special Financial Institutions: Factors for their growth. Need, Objectives and functions of IDBI, IFCI, SFCs, ICICI, EXIM Bank of India.		30	1

Board.

Cooperative Banking Institutions: Meaning, definition, principles, features and structure. Non-Banking Finance Companies: Meaning, Role, Types of NBFC services. SEBI: Introduction to SEBI ACT 1992 with latest Amendments, Main Functions of the

Module III: Financial Markets in India Capital Markets: Meaning, Role and importance, Development initiatives and reforms in brief. Composition: Primary Markets: Meaning, instruments, New Issue Market: Features, objectives and functions, Constituents or players, Problems and Recent Developments including the concept of book building. Modes of procuring long term funds: Public issue, Rights issue, Bonus issue, Private placement. Secondary Markets.: Meaning, Functions of the stock exchange, Benefits to the community-investors-companies, Listing of securities and its benefits, Stock market indices, Types of dealings, types of securities traded on the Indian stock exchanges, Comparison of the three exchanges: BSE, NSE, OTCEI. Money Markets: Meaning, features of organized and unorganized money markets, Instruments: Treasury Bills, Certificate of Deposits, Commercial Paper, Call money, Commercial bills, Inter-corporate deposits, Inter-bank participation certificates.		1
Module IV : Financial Services Venture Capital Financing: Meaning, Steps in VCF, Methods of VCF, Disinvestment mechanism, VCF in India. Factoring: Meaning, Types, costs and benefits of factoring, difference between factoring and Forfeiting. Leasing: Meaning, Definition, advantages to lessor and lessee, types of leases: operating, finance, leveraged, sales and lease-back, leveraged and cross-border. Underwriting: Meaning and benefits. Credit Rating Agencies: Meaning and role of such agencies. A brief idea about: CRISIL, CARE, ICRA, NSDL, STCI.		1
Suggested Readings:		
 The Indian financial system and Development, Vasant Publishing House. Financial Markets and Institutions, Dr. S. Gurusamy, Tata M The Indian Financial System, Dr. Bharti Pathak, Pearson. Indian Financial System, M.Y.Khan, Mc.Graw Hill 		

Course Title: International Business Management

Course Code: BCOM1601/BBA2602

COURSE OBJECTIVE: LEARNING OUTCOMES:	 To familiarize students with: The theories of international dimensions of Business and external influences affecting the international business organization. The design and structure of International Organizations. Labor market differences and labor compensations and international business strategies. The role of strategies and different policies on the way a business is conducted in international context. The students should be able to: Identify the role of external influences on international business scenario. Demonstrate the concept of International Corporations by their organizational design, structure, attitude and strength. Describe the role of Human Resources in the international development of managers. Identify labor market differences and compensation worldwide. Illustrate the functionality of global financial markets, foreign exchange market, exchange rate methods and different international business strategies. Develop international business strategies in 	No. of Hours	No. of Credits
	the global competitive environment. imensions of International Business f international business, means of engaging in business, external influences on international	30	1
Design and S of organizatio	International Corporations tructure: Organizational design and structure, forms and structure, their attitudes and strengths. Functional used and matrix structure. Methods of entry.	30	1
Manager's	Management of Human Resources qualifications and characteristics, international of Manager, labour market differences, labour	30	1

Module IV: International Finance and Strategies Balance of Payment, Global financial market, foreign exchange market. Exchange rate determination methods. Globa competitiveness and international business strategies. International strategic alliances.	30	1
Suggested Readings:		
1. Agarwal, Raj ., International Trade, Excel, 1st Ed.		
 Albaum, Duerr., International Marketing and Export ma 7th Ed. 	agement,	Pearson,
3. Cherunilam, F. (2007), International Trade and Export Mana	gement ,H	limalaya.
4. Hill C.W., International Business, TMH, 5th Ed.		

Course Title: Corporate Governance and Social Responsibility

Course Code: BCOM1602

COURSE	To familiarize students with		
OBJECTIVE:	 Fundamentals of corporate governance. 		
	 Concept of corporate social responsibility. 		
LEARNING OUTCOMES:	The students should be able to:		
	1. Exhibit the knowledge of ethics and emerging trends in good governance practices.	No. of	No. of
	2. Understand corporate social responsibility in the global and Indian context.	Hours	Credits
	3. Identify the role of management in corporate governance.		
	4. Identify the process of whistle blowing in the organization.		
	 Demonstrate the knowledge about role and functions of Board Committees. 		
	6. Understand the concept of corporate citizenship.		
Module I : Conceptual Framework of Corporate Governance Evolution of corporate governance, Developments in India, Regulatory framework of corporate governance in India, SEBI guidelines and clause 49, Reforms in the Companies Act, Secretarial audit, Class action: NCLT, Insider trading. Rating agencies. Green governance/e-governance; Shareholders' activism. Corporate governance in PSUs and banks; Legislative framework of corporate governance: An international perspective (United Kingdom, USA, Australia, China, Russia, South Africa).		30	1
Management governance, qualities of a chairman, Ch of the CEO, Manager, Con Groups and S The Concept	Corporate Management vs. Governance. Internal constituents of the corporate Key managerial personnel (KMP): Chairman, chairman, powers, responsibilities and duties of a ief executive officer (CEO), role and responsibilities Separation of roles of chairman and CEO, CFO, npany secretary and Auditor. Influence of Reference Social Class, Influence of Culture and Sub-culture. of Whistle-Blowing: Types of Whistle-blowers, er Policy and Developments in India.	30	1

Module III: Role and Functions of Board Committees Board Committees: Powers, functions and duties of board committees, Enhanced performance of board committees and Limitations of board committees. Types of Board Committees: Standing committees, Ad-hoc committees, Task force committees, Advisory committees. Statutory committees of board: Audit committee, remuneration committee, nomination committee, compliance committee, shareholders grievance committee, investors relation committee, investment committee, risk management committee and other committees.	30	1
Module IV : Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) Meaning, Corporate philanthropy. CSR: An overlapping concept, corporate sustainability reporting, CSR through triple bottom line, CSR and business ethics, CSR and corporate governance, Environmental aspect of CSR, CSR models, Drivers of CSR, Global reporting initiatives, Major codes on CSR, Initiatives in India.	30	1
 Suggested Readings: Mallin, Christine A., Corporate Governance (Indian Duniversity Press, New Delhi. Blowfield, Michael, and Alan Murray, Corporate Respondences University Press. Sharma, J.P., Corporate Governance, Business Ethics & CSF Ltd, New Delhi. Sharma, J.P., Corporate Governance and Social Responsib Ane Books Pvt. Ltd, New Delhi. 	onsibility, R, Ane B	Oxford ooks Pvt

Course Title: Strategic Management and Business Policy

Course Code: BCOM1603

COURSE OBJECTIVE:	 To familiarize students with: The concepts related to Business Policies and Strategic Management. The ways of framing Business Policies and Strategies at different levels of Management for organizational success and smooth functioning of an organization in today's dynamic environment. 		
LEARNING OUTCOMES:	 The students should be able to: Gain acquaintance about business policy. Explain the importance of strategic management process. Formulate strategies as per the organizational competencies. Evaluate different strategies on the basis of organizational constraints and environmental threats. Implement strategies within the given resources. Control the deviations in the implementation process. 	No. of Hours	No. of Credits
Management Definition, C which strateg An Overview	Introduction to Business Policy & Strategic concept, Objective and Significance, The levels at y operates, Characteristic of Strategic Management, w: Strategic Management Process, Concept of ision Making.	30	1
Understanding Definition, G Leverage & Environmenta Concepts & Framework for as a Tool Environment Business Lev	Strategy Formulation g Strategic Intent: Vision, Mission, Business oals and Objectives. Concepts of Strategic Stretch, x Fit. Environment Appraisal: Concept & al Sector. PEST Analysis. Organizational Appraisal: Capability Factors. Porter's Value Chain Model. or developing Strategic Advantage: SWOT Analysis for assessing Organizational Capabilities and Opportunities. Type of Strategies: Corporate Level, vel and Functional Level. Guidelines for Crafting asiness Strategies.	30	1
Corporate Le Matrix. Busir	Strategy Analysis and Choice evel Strategy Analysis: BCG Matrix & GE 9 cell ness Level Strategy Analysis: Life Cycle Analysis, Forces of Industry Analysis. Concept of Strategic	30	1

Decision Making. Subjective Factors in Strategic Choice and Process of Strategic Choice.		
Module IV: Strategy Implementation and Control Interrelation between Strategy Formulation and Implementation, Aspects of Strategy Implementation. An overview of Project, Procedural Implementation, Resource Allocation. An Overview of Strategic Evaluation and Control, Strategic Control and Operational Control, Techniques for Strategic Evaluation and Control, Role of Organizational Systems in Evaluation, Mc Kinsey's 7s Framework.	30	1
Suggested Readings:		
1. Business Policy & Strategic Management, Azhar Kazmi, T Education.	Tata McC	Graw-Hill
2. Management Policy and Strategic Management (Conc Practices), R.M. Srivastava, Himalaya Publishing House.	epts, Sk	tills and
3. Business Policy and Strategic Management, P. Subba	Rao, I	Himalaya

- 3. Business Policy and Strategic Management, P. Subba Rao, Himalaya Publishing House.
- 4. Strategic Planning Formulation of Corporate Strategy, Ramaswamy, Macmillan Publishers India Limited.

Course Title: Security Analysis and Portfolio Management

Course Code: BCOM01

Course Credit: 4

COURSE OBJECTIVE:	 To familiarize students with: The investment decisions related to financial assets, the risks and the returns involved. The functioning of securities market alongside the theories and concepts involved in portfolio management. 		
LEARNING OUTCOMES:	 The students should be able to: Understand the basic concept of investment and decisions related to it. Calculate the risks associated with the security market. Conduct analysis of the security market. Evaluate different propositions by using various pricing methods. Reconstruct the portfolio. Manage the portfolio of an investor on the basis of his risk appetite. 	No. of Hours	No. of Credits
Investment F	troduction Meaning, Nature, Scope and Decision Process. Risks: Interest Risk, Market Risk, Inflation Risk, etc. Valuation of Securities. Notion of Dominance.	30	1
Techniques o Evaluation: C	Risk Measurement f Risk Measurement and their Application. Portfolio Concept of Beta, Classification of Beta-Geared and ta, Project Beta, Portfolio Beta. Securities Market Market Line.	30	1
Fundamental and Technica	Security Analysis Analysis, Economy, Industry and Company Analysis, l Analysis: Efficient Market Hypothesis; Dow Jones surement of Systematic and Unsystematic Risk.	30	1
Portfolio An Markowitz M Revision, Por	Portfolio Management alysis, Portfolio Selection and Portfolio Theories: Iodel and Capital Assets Pricing Model. Portfolio tfolio Reconstruction and Performance Evaluation of tfolios. Sharp Ratio, Treynor Ratio: Jensen's Alpha.	30	1
Portfo	eadings: a, V.K. (9th ed., 2003). Investment Management; Seculio Management. S. Chand & Co. Ltd. Ira Prasanna (2002). Investment Analysis and Portfo	-	-

2. Chandra Prasanna (2002). Investment Analysis and Portfolio Management.

Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi.

- 3. Stephen H.Penman: Financial Statement Analysis and Security Valuation, TMH.
- 4. Kevin Security Analysis and Portfolio Management PHI

Course Title: Indian Banking System

Course	Code:	BCOM02

COURSE OBJECTIVE: LEARNING OUTCOMES:	 To familiarize students with: The Indian banking system. The reforms and other developments in the Indian banking. The students should be able to: 1. Analyze the role of Indian banking system in economic development of the country. 2. Differentiate between the roles and responsibilities of nationalized and private sector banks in the development process. 3. Analyse the changes brought in the functioning of nationalized banks after 	No. of Hours	No. of Credits
	 4. Critically analyse the functioning of RRBs. 5. Trace the progress and problems of cooperative societies. 6. Evaluate various banking sector reforms and their impact on the banking environment. 		
Module I: St	ructure and Role of Indian Banking System		
Structure of Indian Banking System, Central bank: Commercial banks, Cooperative banks, Regional Rural Banks, Local Area Banks. Difference between scheduled and non scheduled bank. Role of banking system in the economic growth and development.		30	1
Module II : N	Nationalized and Private Sector Banks		
Social control and against n of nationalized	l over banks, Nationalisation of banks, Arguments for ationalisation, Objectives of nationalisation, Progress ed banks pertaining to branch expansion, Deposit Credit development and priority sector lending, Lead	30	1
	banks in India: Their progress and performance after n banks in India: Their progress, performance and		
Module III :	RRBs and Cooperative Credit Structure		
Meaning of I Banks (RRBs Objectives of	RRBs, Reasons for establishment of Regional Rural), Difference between RRBs and Commercial banks, f RRBs, Organization and Management of RRBs RRBs, Progress, performance and problems of RRBs.	30	1
Meaning, ol	cooperation, Evolution of cooperative credit system. ojectives, organization, functions, progress and Primary Agricultural Cooperative Credit societies,		

District Central Cooperative banks, State Cooperative Banks. Urban Cooperative Banks, Urban Cooperative Credit Societies.		
Module IV: Banking Sector Reforms Rationale and objectives of reforms, Problems of nationalized banks, Recommendations of the Narasimham Committee I: Reforms of the committee pertaining to CRR (Cash Reserve Ratio), SLR (Statutory Liquidity Ratio), Interest rate structure, Directed credit programme, Income recognition, Asset classification, Capital adequacy norms, Management of Non Performing Assets (NPAs), Debt Recovery Tribunals. Recommendations of the Narasimham Committee II: Consolidation of banking system, Directed credit programme, Redefining of the NPAs Revision in the Capital adequacy.	30	1
 Suggested Readings: 1. Financial Sector Reforms and India's Economic N.A.Majumdar, Academic Foundation, New Delhi. 2. Central Banking and Economic Development: Vasant Publishing House. 		1
3. Banking & Financial Systems, Mithani.D.M., Gordor	n.E I	Himalaya

3. Banking & Financial Systems, Mithani.D.M., Gordon.E., Himalaya Publishing House;2003.

Course Title: Corporate Tax Planning

Course	Code:	BCOM03

COURSE OBJECTIVE: LEARNING OUTCOMES:	 To familiarize students with: The concept of corporate tax planning and Indian tax-laws The implications of corporate tax planning for corporate management. The students should be able to: Conceptualize the process of tax planning. Differentiate between corporate taxation and individual taxation. Draw the impact of taxation planning on financial and managerial decisions. Understand basic tax provisions to save tax. Calculate advance tax for a given period. 	No. of Hours	No. of Credits
Corporate tax	troduction tax planning, Tax avoidance and tax evasion. ation and individual tax. Tax planning with reference ature and forms of organization of new business.	30	1
Decisions Tax planning policy, Inter of in respect of research, Ma	: Tax Planning And Financial Management g relating to capital structure decision, Dividend corporate, dividends and bonus shares. Tax planning f own or lease, Sale of assets used for scientific ke or Buy decisions, Repair, replace, renewal or ad Shutdown or Continue decisions.	30	1
Tax provision and backward	Special Tax Provisions ns relating to free trade zones, Infrastructure sector l areas. Tax incentives for exports. Tax planning with malgamation of companies.	30	1
Module IV: 7 Tax deduction	Fax Payment ns and collection at source. Advance payment of tax.	30	1

Suggested Readings:

- 1. Ahuja, G. K. & Gupta, Ravi, Systematic Approach to Income Tax. Allahabad, Bharat Law House.
- 2. Bhagwati Prasad, Direct Taxes Law & Practice, Wishwa Prakashan.
- 3. Kanga, J. B. and Palkhivala, N. A., Income Tax, Bombay, N. M. Tripathi.
- 4. Singhania, V.K. Direct Taxes: Law and Practices. Delhi, Taxman.

Course Title: Foreign Exchange Management

Course Code: BCOM04

Course Credit: 4

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COURSE Objective:	 To familiarize students with: The foreign exchange market and its regulating bodies. Arithmetic of foreign exchange. 		
LEARNING OUTCOMES:	 The students should be able to: Analyse the foreign exchange market and its functionaries. Trace the evolution of the international monetary system. Evaluate different foreign markets on the basis of currency conversions. Calculate the risk associated with foreign exchange. Understand the mechanism of exchange rate. Calculate variations in the exchange rate. 	No. of Hours	No. of Credits
Foreign Exch of RBI. Exch	troduction Significance of Foreign Exchange, Functions of aange Department, Foreign Exchange Markets, Role aange Control: Objectives and Methods of Exchange aange Control in India, FERA, FEMA	30	1
Evolution of standard, Bre	International Monetary System the international monetary system: Bimetallism, Gold tton Woods system, Flexible exchange rate regime, ange rate arrangements.	30	1
Management India's forex Finance func Nonresident	Forex Management of foreign exchange with special reference of India. scenario. BOP crisis of 1990, LERMS, convertibility. etion: Financial institutions in international trade. accounts: Repatriable and non repatriable, for the economy and bank.	30	1
Module IV: Exchange Rate Mechanism Types of Foreign Exchange Markets and Transactions, Quoting Foreign Exchange Rates, Spread, Official and Free Market Rates, Cross Rates, Forward Rates, Quoting Forward Rates, Organization of the Foreign Exchange Markets, Currency Futures, Currency Options, Currency Swaps.		30	1
Suggested Ro	e adings: a, V.K. International Financial Management, 2 nd e	d. Dehi	. Anmol

1. Bhalla, V.K. International Financial Management, 2nd ed., Dehi, Anmol

Publications, 2001.

- 2. Apte, P.G. International Financial Management. Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi.
- 3. Shaprio, Akab C: Multinational Financial Management, Prentice Hall, New Delhi